

Trying 3106016892...Open

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x  
LOGINID:sssptal642gxn  
PASSWORD:  
TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

\* \* \* \* \* Welcome to STN International \* \* \* \* \*

NEWS 1 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America  
NEWS 2 Sep 29 The Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical  
Substances (PICCS) has been added to CHEMLIST  
NEWS 3 Oct 27 New Extraction Code PAX now available in Derwent  
Files  
NEWS 4 Oct 27 SET ABBREVIATIONS and SET PLURALS extended in  
Derwent World Patents Index files  
NEWS 5 Oct 27 Patent Assignee Code Dictionary now available  
in Derwent Patent Files  
NEWS 6 Oct 27 Plasdoc Key Serials Dictionary and Echoing added to  
Derwent Subscriber Files WPIDS and WPIX  
NEWS 7 Nov 29 Derwent announces further increase in updates for DWPI  
NEWS 8 Dec 5 French Multi-Disciplinary Database PASCAL Now on STN  
NEWS 9 Dec 5 Trademarks on STN - New DEMAS and EUMAS Files  
NEWS 10 Dec 15 2001 STN Pricing  
NEWS 11 Dec 17 Merged CEABA-VTB for chemical engineering and  
biotechnology  
NEWS 12 Dec 17 Corrosion Abstracts on STN  
NEWS 13 Dec 17 SYNTHLINE from Prous Science now available on STN  
NEWS 14 Dec 17 The CA Lexicon available in the CAPLUS and CA files  
NEWS 15 Jan 05 AIDSLINE is being removed from STN  
NEWS 16 Feb 06 Engineering Information Encompass files have new names  
NEWS 17 Feb 16 TOXLINE no longer being updated  
  
NEWS EXPRESS FREE UPGRADE 5.0e FOR STN EXPRESS 5.0 WITH DISCOVER!  
(WINDOWS) NOW AVAILABLE  
NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability  
NEWS INTER General Internet Information  
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items  
NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN  
NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that  
specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer  
agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific  
research. Use for software development or design or implementation  
of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may  
result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:06:19 ON 02 APR 2001

=> file .gary

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE  
ENTRY  
0.15

TOTAL  
SESSION  
0.15

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:06:24 ON 02 APR 2001

FILE 'CANCERLIT' ENTERED AT 10:06:24 ON 02 APR 2001

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 10:06:24 ON 02 APR 2001  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2001 BIOSIS(R)

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 10:06:24 ON 02 APR 2001  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2001 Elsevier Science B.V. All rights reserved.

FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 10:06:24 ON 02 APR 2001  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2001 Institute for Scientific Information (ISI) (R)

=> STEAP and Afar-d?/au

STEAP IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND  
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.  
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter  
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s STEAP and prostate

L1 5 STEAP AND PROSTATE

=> dup rem l1

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1

L2 1 DUP REM L1 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ibib abs

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 1 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000056277 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20056277  
TITLE: **STEAP: a prostate-specific cell-surface**  
antigen highly expressed in human **prostate**  
tumors.  
AUTHOR: Hubert R S; Vivanco I; Chen E; Rastegar S; Leong K;  
Mitchell S C; Madraswala R; Zhou Y; Kuo J; Raitano A B;  
Jakobovits A; Saffran D C; Afar D E  
CORPORATE SOURCE: UroGenesys Inc., 1701 Colorado Avenue, Santa Monica, CA  
90404, USA.  
SOURCE: PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, (1999 Dec 7) 96 (25) 14523-8.  
Journal code: PV3. ISSN: 0027-8424.  
PUB. COUNTRY: United States  
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals; Cancer Journals  
OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AF186249  
ENTRY MONTH: 200003  
ENTRY WEEK: 20000302  
AB In search of novel genes expressed in metastatic **prostate**  
cancer, we subtracted cDNA isolated from benign prostatic hypertrophic  
tissue from cDNA isolated from a **prostate** cancer xenograft model  
that mimics advanced disease. One novel gene that is highly expressed in  
advanced **prostate** cancer encodes a 339-amino acid protein with  
six potential membrane-spanning regions flanked by hydrophilic amino- and

carboxyl-terminal domains. This structure suggests a potential function as a channel or transporter protein. This gene, named **STEAP** for six-transmembrane epithelial antigen of the **prostate**, is expressed predominantly in human **prostate** tissue and is up-regulated in multiple cancer cell lines, including **prostate**, bladder, colon, ovarian, and Ewing sarcoma. Immunohistochemical analysis of clinical specimens demonstrates significant **STEAP** expression at the cell-cell junctions of the secretory epithelium of **prostate** and **prostate** cancer cells. Little to no staining was detected at the plasma membranes of normal, nonprostate human tissues, except for bladder tissue, which expressed low levels of **STEAP** at the cell membrane. Protein analysis located **STEAP** at the cell surface of **prostate**-cancer cell lines. Our results support **STEAP** as a cell-surface tumor-antigen target for **prostate** cancer therapy and diagnostic imaging.

=> s STEAP

L3 17 STEAP

=> dup rem l3

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3  
L4 7 DUP REM L3 (10 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ibib abs 1-7

DUPLICATE 1

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 7 MEDLINE  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000397953 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20253309  
TITLE: Aspergillus SteA (sterile12-like) is a homeodomain-C2/H2-Zn+2 finger transcription factor required for sexual reproduction.  
AUTHOR: Vallim M A; Miller K Y; Miller B L  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Microbiology, Molecular Biology and Biochemistry, University of Idaho, Moscow, ID 83844-3052, USA.  
SOURCE: MOLECULAR MICROBIOLOGY, (2000 Apr) 36 (2) 290-301.  
JOURNAL code: MOM. ISSN: 0950-382X.  
PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom  
JOURNAL; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AF080600  
ENTRY MONTH: 200010  
ENTRY WEEK: 20001003  
AB Saccharomyces cerevisiae Stel2p plays a key role in coupling signal transduction through MAP kinase modules to cell-specific or morphogenesis-specific gene expression required for mating and pseudohyphal (PH)/filamentous growth (FG). Stel2p homologues in the pathogenic yeasts Candida albicans and Filobasidiella neoformans apparently play similar roles during dimorphic transitions. Here we report the isolation and characterization of the first Stel2 protein from a true filamentous fungus. Aspergillus nidulans steA encodes a protein with a homeodomain 63-75% identical to those of other Stel2 proteins, with greatest similarity to FnStel2alphap. **SteAp** and Stel2alphap lack

the pheromone induction domain found in budding yeast Stel2p, but have C-terminal C2/H2-Zn+2 finger domains not present in the other Stel2 proteins. A DeltasteA strain is sterile and differentiates neither ascogenous tissue nor fruiting bodies (cleistothecia). However, the development of sexual cycle-specific Hulle cells is unaffected. Filamentous growth, conidiation and the differentiation of PH-like

asexual

reproductive cells (metulae and phialides) are normal in the deletion strain. Northern analysis of key regulators of the asexual and sexual reproductive cycles support the observation that although **SteAp** function is restricted to the sexual cycle, cross regulation between the two developmental pathways exists. Our results further suggest that while several classes of related proteins control similar morphogenetic events in *A. nidulans* and the dimorphic yeasts, significant differences must exist in the regulatory circuitry.

DUPLICATE 2

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 7 MEDLINE  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000056277 MEDLINE  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20056277  
 TITLE: **STEAP**: a prostate-specific cell-surface antigen highly expressed in human prostate tumors.  
 AUTHOR: Hubert R S; Vivanco I; Chen E; Rastegar S; Leong K; Mitchell S C; Madraswala R; Zhou Y; Kuo J; Raitano A B; Jakobovits A; Saffran D C; Afar D E  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: UroGenesys Inc., 1701 Colorado Avenue, Santa Monica, CA 90404, USA.  
 SOURCE: PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, (1999 Dec 7) 96 (25) 14523-8. Journal code: PV3. ISSN: 0027-8424.  
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals; Cancer Journals  
 OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AF186249  
 ENTRY MONTH: 200003  
 ENTRY WEEK: 20000302  
 AB In search of novel genes expressed in metastatic prostate cancer, we subtracted cDNA isolated from benign prostatic hypertrophic tissue from cDNA isolated from a prostate cancer xenograft model that mimics advanced disease. One novel gene that is highly expressed in advanced prostate cancer encodes a 339-amino acid protein with six potential membrane-spanning regions flanked by hydrophilic amino- and carboxyl-terminal domains. This structure suggests a potential function as a channel or transporter protein. This gene, named **STEAP** for six-transmembrane epithelial antigen of the prostate, is expressed predominantly in human prostate tissue and is up-regulated in multiple cancer cell lines, including prostate, bladder, colon, ovarian, and Ewing sarcoma. Immunohistochemical analysis of clinical specimens demonstrates significant **STEAP** expression at the cell-cell junctions of the secretory epithelium of prostate and prostate cancer cells. Little to no staining was detected at the plasma membranes of normal, nonprostate human tissues, except for bladder tissue, which expressed low levels of **STEAP** at the cell membrane. Protein analysis located **STEAP** at the cell surface of prostate-cancer cell lines. Our results support **STEAP** as a cell-surface tumor-antigen target for prostate cancer therapy and diagnostic imaging.

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 7 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2001 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94186955 EMBASE  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1994186955  
 TITLE: Drug interaction studies during drug development: Which, when, how?.  
 AUTHOR: Kuhlmann J.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Bayer AG, Institut fur Klinische Pharmakologie, International, Aprather Weg, D-42096 Wuppertal, Germany  
 SOURCE: International Journal of Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics, (1994) 32/6 (305-311).  
 ISSN: 0174-4879 CODEN: ICTHEK  
 COUNTRY: Germany  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article  
 FILE SEGMENT: 017 Public Health, Social Medicine and Epidemiology  
 030 Pharmacology  
 037 Drug Literature Index  
 052 Toxicology  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

AB Drug-drug interaction studies have become an important aspect of the development process of new drugs. Since formal studies of all possible interactions are neither practicable nor suggestive, a careful selection of a limited number of drug combinations to be investigated during the development phase is indicated. Priorities should be based on the likelihood of certain combinations to occur in clinical practice as well as on risks associated with them. In the main, clinical drug interaction studies are performed during late phase II and phase III of clinical drug development. In some exceptional cases clinical interaction studies are necessary at an earlier stage of development. This counts especially for drugs with a small therapeutic range and a **steap** course of the dose-response curve and especially for drug interactions which may effect vital processes. For all other drugs often administered together an initial screen for pharmacokinetic and/or pharmacodynamic interactions with plasma level measurements and examinations of a possible concentration-effect relationship might be sufficient. Taking these criteria into account an interaction program for new drugs under development with different indications like cardiovascular diseases, respiratory diseases, diseases of the central nervous system as well as rheumatic diseases, metabolic diseases and infectious diseases was developed.

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 7 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2001 BIOSIS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:436076 BIOSIS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: BA92:92241  
 TITLE: INTRASPECIFIC VARIATION IN THE PRODUCTION OF PECTIN METHYL ESTERASE PME BY THREE ISOLATES OF SYNCEPHALASTRUM-RACEMOSUM  
 COHN SCHROET.  
 AUTHOR(S): BABU K J; REDDY S M  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: DEP. BOTANY, KAKATIYA UNIV., WARANGAL-506 009.  
 SOURCE: INDIAN BOT REP, (1989 (1990)) 8 (2), 92-96.  
 CODEN: IBREDR. ISSN: 0254-4091.  
 FILE SEGMENT: BA; OLD  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Production of pectin methyl esterase (PME) by three isolates of Syncephalastrum racemosum was studied. Lemon isolate opted Singh and Wood medium, whereas orange and mosambi isolates preferred Asthana Hawker's medium 'A' for maximum production of PME. Mosambi isolate was efficient producer of PME while, lemon isolate was poor producer of PME. pH 6.5 was optimum for production of PME by all the three isolates under study. Glucose and starch for lemon isolate, fructose, sorbose and starch for

orange isolate and fructose, galactose, sorbose and lectose for mosambi isolate were favorable carbon sources for induction of PME. L-asparagine for lemon isolate, DL-methionine for orange isolate and ammonium nitrate for mosambi isolates were favored substrates for production of PME. GA stimulated the PME production by orange and mosambi isolates. Corn **steap** liquor promoted the PME production by lemon isolate. Dithane M 45 and Bavistin completely inhibited the PME production by orange and mosambi isolate respectively.

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 7 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 4  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 89124813 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89124813  
TITLE: Infradian biorhythms of enzymuria in man?.  
AUTHOR: Burchardt U; Winkler K; Klagge M; Balschun D; Barth A  
CORPORATE SOURCE: District Hospital Frankfurt, Oder.  
SOURCE: JOURNAL OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY AND CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY,  
(1988 Aug) 26 (8) 491-6.  
Journal code: I3U. ISSN: 0340-076X.  
PUB. COUNTRY: GERMANY, WEST: Germany, Federal Republic of  
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 198905  
AB The temporal courses of dipeptidyl peptidase IV gamma-glutamyltransferase  
and alanine aminopeptidase were followed over 70 days in the morning  
urine  
of 15 healthy persons. Subsequent to basic statistical analysis a  
two-step  
procedure was performed, including spectral analysis and the fit of a  
cosine function by non-linear regression. The excretion of the 3 enzymes  
followed an infradian biorhythm with a mean period length of 10.04 for  
dipeptidyl peptidase IV, 13.34 for gamma-glutamyltransferase and 10.17  
for  
alanine aminopeptidase. In addition to the basic rhythmic process  
described by the fitted cosine functions, in most of the enzyme patterns  
**steap** peaks of very high excretory activity appeared which was  
verified in repeated measurements. These infradian biorhythms with  
changes  
in the range of 100% and more, as well as their interindividual  
variations, have to be considered in assessing the excretion of enzymes.

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 7 MEDLINE  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 80046381 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80046381  
TITLE: [Electrocardiographic and histomorphological changes in  
the  
myocardium of rats with Selye's experimental  
hypertension].  
Elektrokardiografski i khisto-morfologichni promeni v  
miokarda na plukhove pri eksperimentalna khipertonii po  
Selie.  
AUTHOR: Lolov R; Balutsov M; Kolarova R  
SOURCE: EKSPERIMENTALNA MEDITSINA I MORFOLOGIJA, (1979) 18 (3)  
131-7.  
Journal code: EEB.  
PUB. COUNTRY: Bulgaria  
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: Bulgarian  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 198003

AB The authors described electrocardiographic and histomorphological changes in white rats with coarctation hypertention, induced by the method of Selye. The electrocardiographic changes were manifested as prologation of preauricular-ventricular conduction time, dislocation of the intermediate part ST to the isoelectrical line, low, negative or biphasic T-wave at the initial stages of the experiment, but after the thirtieth day there was a pathologic Q-wave, a reduced voltage of the **steap** curves and manifested left type of ECG in the majority of the experimental animals. Histomorphological and histochemical study on thymyocardium revealed in the beginning of the experiment mainly lesion changes, but sign of myocardial hypertrophy and manifested diffuse and/or focal myocardial fibrosis on the 30th to the 90th day of the experiment.

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 7 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2001 BIOSIS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:182469 BIOSIS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: BA64:4833  
TITLE: SECONDARY METABOLITES OF THE PENICILLIUM-STIPITATUM PART 1  
SUBSTANCES OF TROPOLONE CHARACTER.  
AUTHOR(S): FUSKA J; SALVIKOVA E; ADAMKOVA M  
SOURCE: BIOLOGIA (BRATISL), (1975) 30 (9), 669-676.  
CODEN: BLOAAO. ISSN: 0006-3088.  
FILE SEGMENT: BA; OLD  
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

AB Production of the tropolones of stipitatic acid (I), stipitatic acid (II) and stipitalide (III) by the mold P. stipitatum Thom in conditions of submerged cultivation, was dependent upon composition of the cultivation medium, corn-**steap** liquor (CSL), and especially, the presence of some trace elements, influenced not only the total production of tropolones, but above all, the mutual relationship of I:II:III. In spite of statements that the decarboxylating capacity of the mycelium of P. stipitatum is increased with growing age, it was proved that in mycelia obtained by cultivation in CSL or mineral substances the capacity of mycelia to change II .fwdarw. I has apparently been decreased. It can therefore be explained that in filtrates of above mentioned type, the content (II), during the whole cultivation, is higher than the content (I). The possible participation of (III) in biogenesis of (II) and (I), is discussed.

=>

---Logging off of STN---

=>

Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
11.11	11.26

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 10:09:03 ON 02 APR 2001



### Status: Path 1 of [Dialog Information Services via Modem]

### Status: Initializing TCP/IP using (UseTelnetProto 1 ServiceID pto-dialog)  
Trying 3106900061...Open

DIALOG INFORMATION SERVICES

PLEASE LOGON:

\*\*\*\*\* HHHHHHHH SSSSSSSS?

### Status: Signing onto Dialog

\*\*\*\*\*

ENTER PASSWORD:

\*\*\*\*\* HHHHHHHH SSSSSSSS? \*\*\*\*\*

Welcome to DIALOG

### Status: Connected

Dialog level 00.12.12D

Last logoff: 03apr01 11:17:33

Logon file001 03apr01 11:54:59

KWIC is set to 50.

HILIGHT set on as '\*'

\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

File 1:ERIC 1966-2001/Mar 27  
(c) format only 2001 The Dialog Corporation

Set	Items	Description
-----	-------	-------------

?file 35

03apr01 11:55:25 User259888 Session D5.1		
\$0.39	0.112	DialUnits File1
\$0.39		Estimated cost File1
\$0.02		TYMNET
\$0.41		Estimated cost this search
\$0.41		Estimated total session cost 0.112 DialUnits

File 35:Dissertation Abstracts Online 1861-2001/Mar  
(c) 2001 UMI

Set	Items	Description
-----	-------	-------------

?s Quinn, J?

S1	0	QUINN, J?
----	---	-----------

?s au=Quinn, J?

S2	80	AU=QUINN, J?
----	----	--------------

?s s2 and cb1954

80		S2
0		CB1954

S3	0	S2 AND CB1954
----	---	---------------

?s s2 and london

80		S2
2719		LONDON

S4	1	S2 AND LONDON
----	---	---------------

?type s4

4/2/1

DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abstracts Online  
(c) 2001 UMI. All rts. reserv.

443795 ORDER NO: AAD72-26373

ANTIQUARIANISM AS MORAL THEORY ON THE \*LONDON\* STAGE FROM 1794 TO 1817: A  
STUDY OF THE INTERRELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN THE ARTS OF POETRY AND PAINTING IN  
THE THEATRICAL PRODUCTIONS OF JOHN PHILIP KEMBLE

Author: \*QUINN, JAMES \*YLOR\*  
Degree: PH.D.  
Year: 1972  
Corporate Source/Institution: OHIO UNIVERSITY (0167)  
Source: VOLUME 33/04-A OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.  
PAGE 1616. 235 PAGES  
Descriptors: FINE ARTS  
Descriptor Codes: 0357

?s s2/1996

80 S2  
61666 PY=1996  
S5 1 S2/1996

?type s5

5/2/1

DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abstracts Online  
(c) 2001 UMI. All rts. reserv.

01498404 ORDER NO: AAD96-27045

**ABORTION TITLES IN INDIANA PUBLIC LIBRARIES: AN EXAMINATION OF FACTORS  
INFLUENCING COLLECTION DIVERSITY**

Author: \*QUINN, JOHNNY FRANKLIN, JR.\*  
Degree: PH.D.  
Year: \*1996\*

Corporate Source/Institution: INDIANA UNIVERSITY (0093)  
Source: VOLUME 57/04-A OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.  
PAGE 1368. 256 PAGES

Descriptors: LIBRARY SCIENCE  
Descriptor Codes: 0399